Monitoring Outcomes of PEPFAR Orphans and Vulnerable Children Programs in Nigeria 2016 Survey Findings from the APIN Public Health Initiatives in Lagos State

Purpose

As part of its monitoring, evaluation, and reporting (MER) quidance, the United States President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) launched a set of outcome indicators for orphans and vulnerable children (OVC) programs in 2014. The purpose of collecting the MER OVC Essential Survey Indicators is to obtain a snapshot of program outcomes at one point in time (Round 1–November 2016) and to assess changes in outcomes among OVC program beneficiaries over time (Round 2—planned for 2018). MEASURE Evaluation, funded by the United States Agency for International Development and PEPFAR, conducted this Round 1 survey in Lagos State, Nigeria, in four scale-up local government areas: Ikeja, Mushin, Ifako-Ijaiye, and Alimosho.

Project Description

The APIN Public Health Initiatives is a five-year project started in October 2012. The project supports the Federal Government of Nigeria to provide antiretroviral care and treatment to more than 53,000 clients in 38 treatment clinics and 150 primary healthcare centers in the three states of Lagos, Oyo, and Plateau. The project also provides educational, health, food, and nutritional support.

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HEALTH

21% of children have a primary caregiver who knows the child's HIV status, based on an HIV test

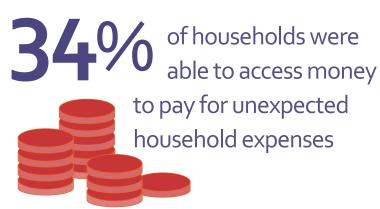
Girls	10%	13%	18%	38%
Boys	28%	20%	17%	38%
	0–4	59	10–14	15–17
	years	years	years	years
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Children ages **o-17** years, who were too sick to participate in daily activities



ECONOMIC WELL-BEING AND RESILIENCE



LEGAL PROTECTION

Girls and boys who have a **verified birth certificate**



CHILD PROTECTION

599% of caregivers agree that harsh physical punishment is an appropriate means of discipline in the home or school



