Monitoring Outcomes of PEPFAR Orphans and Vulnerable Children Programs in Mozambique 2017 Survey Findings from Project Força à Comunidade e às Crianças (FCC)

Purpose

As part of its monitoring, evaluation, and reporting (MER) guidance, the United States President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) launched a set of outcome indicators for orphans and vulnerable children (OVC) programs in 2014. The purpose of collecting these MER OVC Essential Survey Indicators is to obtain a snapshot of program outcomes at one point in time (Round 1–August 2017) and to assess changes in outcomes among OVC program beneficiaries over time (Round 2 planned for mid-2019). MEASURE Evaluation, funded by the United States Agency for International Development and PEPFAR, conducted this Round 1 survey in the districts in which Project Força à Comunidade e às Crianças (FCC) was working in mid-2017. MEASURE Evaluation collected data from 658 caregivers and 2,349 children (a 97% response rate).

Project Description

Project FCC, implemented by World Education Inc./Bantwana (WEI/B), is a five year (2015–2020) PEPFAR-funded initiative aimed at improving and expanding evidence-informed models of integrated support for OVC and their households across Manica, Sofala, and Zambezia provinces in Mozambique. In collaboration with the Government of Mozambique, ChildFund International, EcoVentures International, the Regional Psychosocial Support Initiative, and a range of local implementing partners, the project will use schools and communities to reach more than 72,000 vulnerable children and adolescents with integrated services, with the goal of reducing the socioeconomic impact of HIV and AIDS on OVC and their caregivers.

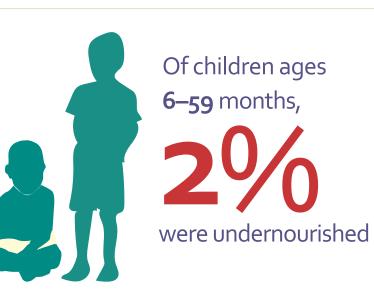
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HEALTH

34% of children have a primary caregiver who knows the child's HIV status, based on an HIV test

1	Girls Boys	41% 39%	30% 36%		35% 35%
		0–4 years	5–9 years	10–14 years	15–17 years



21% of children ages **0–17** years were too sick to participate in daily activities

28%	22%	17%	21%
0–4	5–9	10–14	15–17
years	years	years	years

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING AND RESILIENCE



years

years

years

CHILD PROTECTION

210% of caregivers agree that harsh physical punishment is an appropriate means of discipline in the home or school

years

